

# Brotato

1. Adjective
2. Noun
3. Noun
4. Past Tense Verb
5. Adverb
6. Adjective
7. Verb Ending In Ing
8. Plural Noun
9. Location
10. Adjective
11. Number Range
12. Time Increment
13. Plural Noun
14. Noun (Possessive)
15. Noun
16. Percentage
17. Plural Noun
18. Proper Noun Plural
19. Proper Noun
20. Noun
21. Chronological Number
22. Time Increment
23. Adjective

24. Noun

25. Adjective

26. Chronological Number

27. Time Increment

28. Noun

29. Adjective

30. Noun

31. Year

32. Location

33. Adjective

34. Proper Noun

35. Noun

36. Number Type

37. Number

38. Noun

39. Number Type

40. Adjective

# Brotato

\_\_\_\_\_ species occur throughout the Americas, from the United States to Uruguay.[3] The \_\_\_\_\_ was originally believed to have been \_\_\_\_\_ in multiple locations,[4] but later \_\_\_\_\_ of the wide variety of cultivars and wild species proved a single origin for \_\_\_\_\_ in the area of present-day southern \_\_\_\_\_ (from a species in the Solanum brevicaule complex), where they were \_\_\_\_\_ years ago.[5][6][7] Following \_\_\_\_\_ of selective breeding, there are now over a thousand different types of \_\_\_\_\_. Of these subspecies, a variety that at one point grew in the Chiloé Archipelago (the \_\_\_\_\_ south-central Chilean sub-center of origin) left its \_\_\_\_\_ on over \_\_\_\_\_ of the cultivated \_\_\_\_\_ worldwide.[8][9]

Following the \_\_\_\_\_ conquest of the \_\_\_\_\_ Empire, the \_\_\_\_\_ introduced the \_\_\_\_\_ to Europe in the second half of the \_\_\_\_\_. The staple was subsequently conveyed by \_\_\_\_\_ mariners to territories and ports throughout the world. The \_\_\_\_\_ was slow to be adopted by distrustful European farmers, but soon enough it became an \_\_\_\_\_ food staple and field crop that played a major role in the European \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_ population \_\_\_\_\_ However, lack of \_\_\_\_\_ diversity, due to the very limited number of varieties initially introduced, left the \_\_\_\_\_ vulnerable to disease. In \_\_\_\_\_ a plant disease known as late blight, caused by the fungus-like oomycete Phytophthora infestans, spread rapidly through the poorer communities of western \_\_\_\_\_ resulting in the crop failures that led to the \_\_\_\_\_ Andes, where over \_\_\_\_\_ cultivars might be found in a single \_\_\_\_\_ and a \_\_\_\_\_ or more might be maintained by a single \_\_\_\_\_ household.