## **Long Covid**

1.	Adjective
2.	Noun Plural
3.	Adjective
4.	Noun Plural
5.	Adjective
6.	Adjective
7.	Noun
8.	Noun Plural
9.	Noun Plural
10.	Noun
11.	Noun Plural
12.	Adjective
13.	Verb Past Tense
14.	Noun
15.	Verb Past Tense
16.	Verb Present Ends In Ing
17.	Noun Plural
18.	Verb Past Tense
19.	Noun
20.	Verb Past Tense
21.	Adjective
22.	Noun
23.	Noun

24.	Noun	
25.	Verb Base Form	
26.	Noun	
27.	Proper Noun	
28.	Verb Present Ends In Ing	
29.	Verb Present Ends In S	
30.	Noun Plural	
31.	Noun	

## **Long Covid**

Long COVID is	S aAdjective	_ illness and can	result in chronic	Noun Plural	that require
<u>Adj</u> ective	_ care. There are _	Noun Plural	_ available.		
Adjective	_ COVID can incl	ude aAdjectiv	range of o	ongoing <u>Noun</u>	problems; these
Noun Plural	can last weeks,	months, or	Noun Plural .		
Long Noun	occurs more	often in	n Plural who h	ad Adjective	COVID-19 illness, but
anyone who has	s been Verb Past	Tense with th	e virus that cause	Noun Noun	can experience it.
People who are	not Verb Past Ten	se against C	OVID-19 and be	come infected ma	ay have a higher risk of
Verb Present end	ds in ING Long	COVID compare	d toNoun Plura	who have	been vaccinated.
People can be _	Verb Past Tense	_ with SARS-Co	oV-2, the	un that cause	es COVID-19, multiple
times. Each time	e a person is	Verb Past Tense	or reinfected with	ı SARS-CoV-2, t	hey have a risk of
developing	Adjective COV	ID.			
While most peo	ple with Long	Noun have	evidence of infec	ction or COVID-1	9 Noun, in some
cases, a <sub>No</sub>	un with Long	COVID may not	haveVerb Ba	se Form positi	ve for the <u>Noun</u> o
known they wer	re infected.				
Proper Noun	and partners a	e Verb Present e	ends in ING to U	ınderstand more a	about who
Present ends in S	Long COVID and	l why, including	whetherNot	ın Plural dispro	oportionately impacted by
Noun 2	are at higher risk.				

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