

Shampoo

1. Part Of Body
2. Adverb
3. Adjective
4. Verb Present Ends In Ing
5. Adverb
6. Adjective
7. Noun
8. Adjective
9. Verb Present Ends In Ing
10. Part Of Body
11. Verb Present Ends In Ing
12. Verb Present Ends In Ing
13. Part Of Body
14. Noun
15. Adverb
16. Verb Base Form
17. Adjective
18. Noun
19. Adjective
20. Adverb
21. Noun
22. Noun
23. Noun

24. Noun _____

25. Noun _____

26. Noun _____

27. Noun Plural _____

28. Noun _____

29. Adjective _____

30. Type Of Affliction _____

31. Adjective _____

32. Noun _____

33. Noun _____

34. Adjective _____

35. Noun Plural _____

36. Adjective _____

37. Noun Plural _____

38. Noun Plural _____

39. Noun Plural _____

40. Part Of Body _____

41. Animal - Plural _____

42. Adverb _____

43. Verb Base Form _____

44. Adjective _____

45. Verb Present Ends In Ing _____

46. Adjective _____

47. Adjective _____

48. Adjective _____

49. Adjective

50. Adjective

51. Adjective

52. Noun

53. Number

54. Part Of Body

55. Part Of Body

56. Language Name

57. Nationality

58. Adjective

59. Year

60. Language Name

61. Funny Word

62. Funny Word

63. Language Name

64. Funny Word

65. Verb Base Form

66. Verb Base Form

67. Verb Base Form

Shampoo

Shampoo is a _____ Part of Body care product, _____ Adverb in the form of a _____ Adjective liquid, that is used for _____ Verb Present ends in ING hair. Less _____ Adverb, shampoo is available in _____ Adjective _____ Noun format. Shampoo is used by applying it to _____ Adjective hair, _____ Verb Present ends in ING the product into the _____ Part of Body, and then _____ Verb Present ends in ING it. Some users may follow a _____ Verb Present ends in ING with the use of _____ Part of Body _____ Noun.

Shampoo is _____ Adverb used to _____ Verb Base Form the _____ Adjective build-up of _____ Noun in the hair without stripping out so much as to make hair _____ Adjective. Shampoo is _____ Adverb made by combining a _____ Noun, most often _____ Noun or _____ Noun, with a _____ Noun, most often _____ Noun in water. The _____ Noun ingredient acts as a surfactant, trapping _____ Noun Plural and other contaminants, similarly to _____ Noun.

_____ Adjective shampoos are marketed to people with _____ Type of Affliction, _____ Adjective hair, _____ Noun or _____ Noun allergies, an interest in using an _____ Adjective product, infants and young _____ Noun Plural ("baby shampoo" is less _____ Adjective). There are also shampoos intended for _____ Noun Plural that may contain _____ Noun Plural or other _____ Noun Plural to treat _____ Part of Body conditions or parasite infestations such as _____ Animal - Plural.

Other

ingredients are Adverb included in shampoo formulations to Verb Base Form the following qualities:

Adjective foam

ease of Verb Present ends in ING

Adjective skin and eye irritation

Adjective or Adjective feeling

Adjective fragrance[]

Adjective toxicity

Adjective biodegradability

slight Noun (pH less than Number)

no damage to Part of Body

repair of damage already done to Part of Body

The word shampoo entered the Language name language from the Nationality subcontinent during the Adjective era. It dated to Year and was derived from the Language name word Funny word, pronounced Funny word, itself derived from the Language name root Funny word, which means 'to Verb Base Form, Verb Base Form, or Verb Base Form.

