## Triangles

1. Shape
2. Number
3. Type Of Angle Relationship
4. Number
5. Type Of Angle Relationship
6. Number
7. Type Of Angle Relationship
8. Number
9. Type Of Angle Relationship
10. Shape
11. Type Of Angle
12. Type Of Angle
13. Type Of Angle
14. Shape
15. Shape

## Triangles

Cross sections are when you cut the shape in half any way. The $\qquad$ serums are the two shortest
lengths are longer than the longest length. The other triangle serum is all three angles add up to $\qquad$ .

The four angle relationships are $\qquad$ which is when you do $\qquad$ minus the given number and it will give you the missing number. $\qquad$ is when you do
$\qquad$ minus the given number. $\qquad$ is when you find the other angle that adds
up to $\qquad$ . The way you figure out $\qquad$ is the two angles have the same side and vertex. The way you find the sum of the interior of a $\qquad$ is you see how many sides there are and subtract 2 from it. Then you divide 180 by that number. A $\qquad$ triangle is a triangle that doesn't meet either of the serums. A $\qquad$ triangle is a triangle that you can't make more than one triangle out of the three measurements. An $\qquad$ triangle is a $\qquad$ you can make more than one
$\qquad$ out of it. Similar triangles are triangles that are congruent and similar.

