## **Land of Contrasts**

| 1.  | Adjective        |
|-----|------------------|
| 2.  | Adjective        |
| 3.  | Noun             |
| 4.  | Verb - Base Form |
| 5.  | Verb - Base Form |
| 6.  | Noun             |
| 7.  | Adjective        |
| 8.  | Adjective        |
| 9.  | Adjective        |
| 10. | Adjective        |
| 11. | Noun             |
| 12. | Adjective        |
| 13. | Adjective        |
| 14. | Adjective        |

## **Land of Contrasts**

| Thailand is a country about the size of France, with a population of over sixty million people. About forty        |
|--|
| percent of the people live in [] area, away from Bangkok, the nation's capital and its only major                  |
| city. Tourism is the country's number one industry. Every year visitors from all over the world vacation in        |
| Bangkok, but most of them leave without seeing the rest of this fascinating country. This is a pity, for Thailand  |
| is a land of startling contrast. It is made up of four [Adjective] regions.  |
|  |
| The northwestern region is the last accessible part of the country because of its mountainous []                   |
| and many forest. Tigers, leopards, bears, and monkeys [ Verb - Base Form ] the more remote areas. Deer and         |
| buffalo [] on the grassland that cover the lower slopes of the mountains. One of the                               |
| world's great wildlife [] is located near Chiang Mai. This is the country's third largest city. Yet, its           |
| population in this part of the country are lumber and tin mining.  |
|  |
| The northeastern part of Thailand is vastly different from the northwestern part. It is by far the poorest region. |
| Few crops grow there because of its [] climate and barren soil. Poor highways and a lack of                        |
| railroads add to its problems. This region has little industry, and most of its people live in poverty. Many have  |
| left the land hoping to find work in Bangkok.  |
|  |
| The most prosperous region is the great central plains. There the soil is fertile and crops grow in [              |
| A Position   |

| ]. Farmers produce enough rice and feed the people of Thailand and still have some for export. Other crops           |
|--|
| include cotton, sugar, corn, tobacco, and peanuts. Bangkok is located on the southern edge of the central plain.     |
| IT is a modern city with huge luxury hotels that have sprung up in recent years to accommodate the ever-             |
| increasing [] of tourists. Many of them visit Bangkok to explore its rich cultural history.                          |
| Among the city's attractions are over four hundred Buddhist temples and numerous universities. There is also a       |
| huge Grand palace where the rulers of Thailand once lived in luxury. Not all of the capital is splendid, though.     |
| Tourists seldom stray from the downtown area, with its many expensive shops and fine restaurants. But not far        |
| off are the more [] parts of Bangkok. There are city's poor live in overcrowded conditions.                          |
|  |
| The fourth distinctive regions is the southern part of the country. It reaches to the Malaysian [],                  |
| within five hundred miles of the equator. This part of Thailand is most tropical rainforest, with a [                |
| ] climate and over two hundred inches of rain a year. IT has an [  |
| plant and animal life. For example, over five hundred different kinds of butterflies live there! It also has some of |
| the finest beaches in the world to lure those tourists seeking a change from the [] city life of                     |
| Bangkok.   |
|  |
| Visitors who spend a week or two in Bangkok may go home and tell their families and friends that they have           |
| seen Thailand. However, only those who have explored all four regions of the country can truly say, "I have seen     |

Thailand

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