

Great White Shark Facts

1. Number
2. Verb - Base Form
3. Noun
4. Number
5. Number
6. Noun
7. Place
8. Animals
9. Animals
10. Animals
11. Fish
12. Fish
13. Food
14. Food
15. Food
16. Verb - Base Form
17. Animal
18. Animal
19. Adjective
20. Adjective
21. Adjective
22. Verb - Present Ends In Ing
23. Number

24. Adjective _____

25. Adjective _____

26. Adjective _____

27. Verb - Base Form _____

Great White Shark Facts

When a great white shark is born, along with up to a _____ Number _____ siblings, it immediately _____ Verb - Base _____ Form _____ away from its mother. Baby sharks are on their own right from the start, and their mother may see them only as _____ Noun _____. At birth the baby shark is about _____ Number _____ feet (1.5 meters) long already; as it grows it may reach a length _____ Number _____ times that.

The _____ Noun _____ (which is what a baby shark is called) will live its life at the top of the _____ Place _____ food chain. But before it grows larger, the pup must avoid predators bigger than it is--including other great white _____ animals _____.

Young great white _____ animals _____ eat _____ animals _____ (including other _____ fish _____) and _____ fish _____. As it grows, the shark's favorite prey becomes sea _____ food _____, especially sea _____ food _____ and _____ food _____.

Sharks count on the element of surprise as they _____ Verb - Base Form _____. When they see a _____ animal _____ at the surface of the water, sharks will often position themselves underneath the _____ animal _____.

Sharks have _____ Adjective _____ hearing, _____ Adjective _____ eyesight, and a _____ Adjective _____ sense of smell. They use all of these senses for _____ Verb - Present ends in ING _____.

Sharks have been around for some _____ million years.

Shark livers are _____ Adjective _____, _____ Adjective _____, and _____ Adjective _____, and help sharks _____ Verb - Base _____

Form _____.