

Hamlet

1. Noun
2. Verb - Past Tense
3. Noun
4. Verb - Past Tense
5. Verb - Past Participle
6. Noun
7. Adverb
8. Verb - Past Participle
9. Verb
10. Verb - Present Tense
11. Verb - Past Participle
12. Noun
13. Verb - 3Rd Person Singular Present
14. Noun
15. Verb - 3Rd Person Singular Present
16. Verb - Past Tense
17. Verb - 3Rd Person Singular Present
18. Verb - Past Tense
19. Verb
20. Verb - Past Participle
21. Adjective
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23. Noun - Plural

24. Verb - 3Rd Person Singular Present
25. Noun
26. Verb - 3Rd Person Singular Present

Hamlet

Prince Hamlet is the Noun of the late King Hamlet, who Verb - Past Tense two months before the start of the play. After the Noun of his father, Hamlet's Uncle Claudius becomes King and marries Gertrude, his sister-in-law! Hamlet suspects that Claudius Verb - Past Tense his own brother to become king of Denmark, but it isn't until he sees his father's ghost tells Hamlet privately that Claudius had indeed Verb - Past Participle King Hamlet by pouring poison in his Noun that he begins to plot revenge.

Hamlet seems to act like a madman, prompting King Claudius, his wife Gertrude, and his advisor Polonius to send Rosencrantz and Guildenstern to spy on Hamlet and figure out why he is acting mad. Hamlet even treats Polonius' daughter Ophelia Adverb, making Polonius believe that Hamlet is madly in love with her, though Claudius expects otherwise. Polonius had Verb - Past Participle his son Laertes to go to France and had ordered Ophelia not to associate with Hamlet. Claudius, fearing Hamlet may try to Verb him, sends Hamlet to England. Before Verb - Present Tense, however, Hamlet convinces an acting company to reenact King Hamlet's death before Claudius, in the hopes of causing Claudius reveal guilt from murdering King Hamlet.

. Though Claudius is Verb - Past Participle, he does not admit to Noun. Hamlet's mother tries to reason with Hamlet after the play, while Polonius spied on them from behind a curtain. Hamlet hears Polonius, and Verb - 3rd Person Singular Present him through the curtain, claiming that he thought the person was Claudius.

When finding out the truth, Hamlet regrets the death, yet Claudius still sends him to England, accompanied by Rosencrantz and Guildenstern with orders from Claudius that the English Noun Hamlet as soon as her Verb - 3rd Person Singular Present. After Hamlet leaves, Laertes returns from France, Verb - Past Tense over his

father's death. Ophelia reacts to her father's death with utter madness and eventually Verb - 3rd Person Singular Present in a stream and drowns, which also upsets Laertes. Before going to England, Hamlet finds the orders and changes them to order Rosencrantz and Guildenstern Verb - Past Tense, as does occur, though Hamlet is kidnapped by pirates one day later. The pirates return Hamlet to Claudius, and Claudius tries one last attempt to Verb Hamlet: he arranges a sword duel between Laertes and Hamlet. The trick, however, is that the tip of Laertes' sword is Verb - Past Participle. As a backup precaution, Claudius poisons the victory cup in case Hamlet wins. During the fight, the Adjective drink is offered to Hamlet, he declines, and instead Gertrude Noun - Plural it. Laertes, losing to Hamlet, illegally scratches him with the poisoned sword to ensure Hamlet's death. Hamlet, unknowingly, then switches Noun - Plural with Laertes, and cuts and poisons him. The queen dies, screaming that she has been poisoned and Laertes, dying, admits of Claudius' treachery. Weakening, Hamlet fatally Verb - 3rd Person Singular Present Claudius, Laertes dies, and Hamlet begins his death speech. Though Horatio wants to commit suicide out of Noun, Hamlet requests he tell the story of this tragedy to all. Fortinbras Verb - 3rd Person Singular Present and takes over.