

## Davus and Geta

1. Msn Adjective
2. Infinitive T
3. Third Plural Verb
4. Third Plural Verb
5. Msn Adjective
6. Msn Adjective
7. Accusative Noun
8. Place One-Acc
9. Place Two-Acc
10. Place One-Abl
11. Place Two-Abl
12. Place One-Abl
13. Place Two-Gen
14. Accusative Noun
15. Same Accusative Noun
16. Third Plural Verb
17. Nominative Noun
18. Accusative Noun
19. Infinitive T
20. Ablative Noun
21. Infinitive
22. Msn Adjective
23. Msac Adjective

24. Singular Imperative

25. Ablative Noun

26. Ablative Noun

27. Infinitive T

# Davus and Geta

Davus est \_\_\_\_\_ MSN Adjective \_\_\_\_\_, nam necesse est Getam \_\_\_\_\_ Infinitive T \_\_\_\_\_. Ubi serv? effugiunt, domin? saepe vilic?s \_\_\_\_\_ Third Plural Verb \_\_\_\_\_. Saepe etiam e?s \_\_\_\_\_ Third Plural Verb \_\_\_\_\_. Cornelius est dominus \_\_\_\_\_ MSN \_\_\_\_\_ Adjective \_\_\_\_\_, sed ubi Cornelius \_\_\_\_\_ MSN Adjective \_\_\_\_\_ est--

\_\_\_\_\_ Accusative Noun \_\_\_\_\_ igitur Davus in aream statim convocat et rogit, "Ubi est Geta?" Nemo respondere potest. Davus igitur alios serv?s in \_\_\_\_\_ Place One-Acc \_\_\_\_\_, ali?s in agr?s, ali?s in \_\_\_\_\_ Place Two-Acc \_\_\_\_\_ mittit. In \_\_\_\_\_ Place One-Abl \_\_\_\_\_ et agr?s et \_\_\_\_\_ Place Two-Abl \_\_\_\_\_ Getam petunt. Neque in \_\_\_\_\_ Place One-Abl \_\_\_\_\_ neque in foss?s agr?rum neque in arboribus \_\_\_\_\_ Place Two-Gen \_\_\_\_\_ Getam inveniunt.

Davus igitur serv?s iubet canes in aream ducere. Ali? serv? \_\_\_\_\_ Accusative Noun \_\_\_\_\_ Getae in aream ferunt. Canes veniunt et \_\_\_\_\_ Same Accusative Noun \_\_\_\_\_ olfaciunt. Mox Davus serv?s in agr?s ducit. \_\_\_\_\_ Third Plural Verb \_\_\_\_\_ canes. Per agros Corneli? deinde per agr?s vincin?rum vill?rum currunt. Neque riv? neque \_\_\_\_\_ Nominative Noun \_\_\_\_\_ canes impediunt. \_\_\_\_\_ Accusative Noun \_\_\_\_\_ Getae inveniunt, sed Getam \_\_\_\_\_ Infinitive T \_\_\_\_\_ non possunt. Tandem Davus e?s in silvam incitat.

Geta in \_\_\_\_\_ Ablative Noun \_\_\_\_\_ manet et ibi dormit. Canes latrantes eum excitant. Nunc tamen Geta \_\_\_\_\_ Infinitive \_\_\_\_\_ non potest et in ram?s sedet, immobilis et \_\_\_\_\_ MSN Adjective \_\_\_\_\_. Canes, ubi ad arborem appropinquat, Getam ipsum non conspiciunt, sed olfaciunt. Latrant canes; appropinquant serv?.

servum vident qu? in ram?s arboris se celat.

"\_\_\_\_\_Singular Imperative\_\_\_\_\_, Geta!" clamat Davus. Geta descendit. Davus eum \_\_\_\_\_Ablative Noun\_\_\_\_\_ arripit et  
\_\_\_\_\_Ablative Noun\_\_\_\_\_ verberat. Deinde serv?s iubet Getam ad villam \_\_\_\_\_Infinitive T\_\_\_\_\_ et in fronte litter?s FUG  
inurere.