

Decline of the Ottoman Empire

1. Adjective
2. Noun
3. Adjective
4. Adjective
5. Noun
6. Verb - Past Tense
7. Noun
8. Adjective
9. Noun
10. Verb - Present Tense
11. Adjective
12. Verb - Past Participle
13. Verb - Past Participle
14. Noun
15. Proper Noun
16. Proper Noun
17. Verb - Past Tense
18. Noun - Plural
19. Noun
20. Noun
21. Verb - Past Tense
22. Adjective
23. Verb - Present Tense

24. Verb

25. Verb - Past Tense

26. Noun

27. Adjective

28. Noun

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The Ottoman Empire did not fit into the Adjective world which helped lead its Noun. A Adjective Ottoman sultan named Suleyman I was a Adjective Noun for a long period of time until he Verb - Past Tense. Following his Noun, there were many weak sultans after him therefore making the empire Adjective. Trying to embrace the modern Noun only made the Empire more weak. Another reason why the Empire was Verb - Present Tense was when in 1789, Selim III tried to make the army more Adjective. Many people resisted his efforts and he was Verb - Past Participle and all his efforts of reform were Verb - Past Participle. When other countries started gaining independence they were thinking of ways to take away land from the Ottoman Empire. Other Noun powers were very attracted to the where the Ottoman Empire was. The Ottoman's had passage to the Proper Noun Proper Noun that other countries such as Russia Verb - Past Tense. Russia started to form Noun - Plural with the Empire's empires and they created a Noun. The Crimean War broke out in 1853 on a Noun of the Black Sea. Britain and France helped the Ottoman Empire and together they Verb - Past Tense Russia. This war showed how the Ottoman Empire had a very Adjective army and that it was very weak. The Ottomans after the war started Verb - Present Tense land. In attempt to Verb, the Ottomans sent Muhammad Ali to govern Egypt but he Verb - Past Tense apart from their control leading to even more Noun in the Ottoman Empire before it soon turned to a Adjective size of Noun.

