

The War in Five Minutes

1. Adjective
2. Noun
3. Adjective
4. Noun
5. Adverb
6. Noun
7. Adjective
8. Noun
9. Verb - Past Participle
10. Adverb
11. Noun - Plural
12. Noun - Plural
13. Preposition Or Subordinating Conjunction
14. Noun
15. Noun
16. Verb
17. Noun - Plural
18. Adjective
19. Adjective
20. Adjective
21. Adjective - Comparative
22. Adjective - Comparative

The War in Five Minutes

World War One began with the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary by a Serbian (an enemy of Austria-Hungary). This made Austria-Hungary really _____ *Adjective* _____, so they declared war on Serbia, and with that, a _____ *Noun* _____ of other countries declared war on each other. Two _____ *Adjective* _____ sides were outlined, the central powers, and the allies. The central powers consisted of Germany, Italy, the Ottoman Empire, Austria-Hungary, and Bulgaria. The main Allies were Great Britain, France, Russia, Serbia, and the United States. Italy also switched to the allies _____ *Noun* _____ partway through the war. Germany tried to catch France by surprise by fighting them before their allies could get there, but Russia got to France _____ *Adverb* _____ fast and helped them out. This was called the First Battle of the Marne. This was a _____ *Noun* _____ for Germany, because this meant they had to fight two _____ *Adjective* _____ places along their border at the same time, where their border met Russia's, and where their border met France's. The two sides were even in terms of their _____ *Noun* _____, and so each side dug trenches in the ground so they wouldn't get _____ *Verb - Past Participle* _____. This was called trench warfare, and it went on for four years. _____ *Adverb* _____, at the Battle of Gallipoli in the Ottoman Empire (present day Turkey) the Allies lost, and they couldn't get _____ *Noun - Plural* _____ to Russia. Russia couldn't make very many _____ *Noun - Plural* _____ for themselves, and they ended up pulling out of the war. Next, at the Battle of Verdun, Germany suffered its first loss, and the French regained its spirits. They often called " _____ *Preposition or subordinating conjunction* _____ _____ *Noun* _____ _____ *Noun* _____ _____ *Verb* _____." At the Battle of the Somme, the British lost to the Germans. The British lost many _____ *Noun - Plural* _____

that day, and it was a very _____ *Adjective* _____ day. Even worse for the British and the other Allies, Russia pulled out of the war not soon after (the peasants were really _____ *Adjective* _____), and so Germany no longer had to fight them. They attacked again and almost beat the Allies, but then guess what? The U.S. entered the war and held them off. Although _____ *Adjective* _____ more attacks happened, the German lines got _____ *Adjective - Comparative* _____ and _____ *Adjective - Comparative* _____, and finally in November f 1918, Germany surrendered.