

Lyndon B. Johnson

1. Noun
2. Proper Noun - Plural
3. Proper Noun
4. Adjective
5. Proper Noun - Plural
6. Noun
7. Noun
8. Adjective
9. Noun
10. Noun
11. Adjective
12. Adjective
13. Noun
14. Proper Noun
15. Proper Noun
16. Number
17. Noun
18. Noun

Lyndon B. Johnson

Lyndon B. Johnson (1908-73) became the 36th president of the United States following the November 1963

_____ Noun of President John F. Kennedy (1917-1963). Upon taking office, Johnson, a Texan who had served in both the U.S. House of _____ Proper Noun - Plural and the U.S. _____ Proper Noun, launched an _____ Adjective slate of progressive reforms aimed at alleviating poverty and creating what he called a "Great Society" for all _____ Proper Noun - Plural. Many of the programs he introduced--including Medicare and Head Start--made a lasting impact in the areas of _____ Noun, _____ Noun, _____ Adjective _____ Noun, _____ Noun and _____ Adjective rights. Despite his impressive _____ Adjective achievements, however, Johnson's legacy was equally defined by his failure to lead the nation out of the _____ Noun of the _____ Proper Noun _____ Proper Noun (_____ Number). He declined to run for a second full term in _____ Noun, and retired to his Texas _____ Noun after leaving the White House in January 1969.