

High Speed Internet

1. Adverb
2. Adjective
3. Plural Noun
4. Adjective
5. Noun
6. Adjective
7. Adjective
8. Plural Noun
9. Verb
10. Plural Noun
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13. Number
14. Adjective
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16. Verb Ending In Ing
17. Noun

High Speed Internet

Broadband is often called high-speed Internet, because it usually has a high rate of data transmission. In general, any connection to the customer of 256 kbit/s (0.250 Mbit/s) or more is considered _____ Adverb _____ Adjective _____.

In practice, the advertised bandwidth is not always reliably available to the customer; ISPs often allow a greater number of _____ Plural noun _____ than their _____ Adjective _____ Noun _____ can handle, under the assumption that most users will not be using their _____ Adjective _____ Adjective _____ Plural noun _____ very frequently. This aggregation strategy works more often than not, so users can typically _____ Verb _____ to their full bandwidth most of the time; however, peer-to-peer (P2P) file sharing systems, often requiring extended durations of high bandwidth, stress these assumptions, and can cause major problems for _____ Plural noun _____ who have excessively overbooked their capacity. For more on this topic, see _____ Adjective _____ Plural noun _____. As takeup for these introductory products increases, telcos are starting to offer _____ Number _____ Adjective _____ Noun _____. services. For existing connections, this most of the time simply involves _____ Verb ending in ing _____ the existing _____ Noun _____ at each end of the connection.