

Old Sacramento Waterfront Mad Libs

1. Person In Room-Male
2. Noun
3. Location
4. Adjective
5. Profession-Plural
6. Noun Plural
7. Verb Past Tense
8. Type Of Business
9. Noun
10. Other Person In Room
11. Place
12. Verb Present Ends In Ing
13. Funny Noun
14. Verb Present Ends In Ing
15. Noun Plural
16. Noun
17. Adjective
18. Adjective
19. Noun
20. Verb Past Tense
21. Animal
22. Adjective
23. Adverb

24. Verb Past Tense
25. Noun
26. First World Problem
27. Repeat Last First World Problem
28. Preposition
29. Place-Plural
30. Acronym
31. Adjective Ends In Est
32. Vocation - Plural
33. Boring Daily Task
34. Adjective
35. Verb Base Form
36. Funny Adjective
37. Number
38. Noun Plural
39. Number
40. Location
41. Fun Event
42. Adverb
43. Animal-Plural
44. Place-Plural
45. Verb Present Ends In Ing

Old Sacramento Waterfront Mad Libs

In 1839 person in room-male Sutter arrived on the shore of the American River near its confluence with the Sacramento River. With the promise of a Mexican Noun grant, Sutter and his landing party established Sutter's location. As the settlement grew and became Adjective, it attracted other profession-plural looking for Noun Plural. Sutter and the people he Verb Past Tense created a type of business center in the area, but it was the Noun Rush in 1848 that created the City of Sacramento.

When Repeat Last Noun was discovered in the nearby foothills by James Marshall, local merchant other person in room Brannan rushed to open a store near the Sacramento River to take advantage of the convenient waterfront location. What was then called Sutter's place was soon known as the City of Sacramento. The city rapidly grew into a Verb Present ends in ING center for miners outfitting themselves for the funny noun fields.

Early Sacramento's waterfront location was prime for Verb Present ends in ING success, but was prone to severe flooding. The city also fell victim to repeated Noun Plural engulfing its hastily constructed buildings composed mainly of wood and Noun. In 1850 the Adjective city experienced its first Adjective flood and in 1852 the city was again wiped out by high Noun. It was apparent that drastic measures would have to be taken if it was to be Verb Past Tense.

In 1853 a Animal project was proposed to raise the city above the flood level. The Adjective and expensive proposal was not Adverb accepted until another devastating flood Verb Past Tense through the city in 1862. Within a few years, thousands of cubic yards of Noun were brought in on wagons and the daring scheme to raise the first world problem level began. The original repeat last first world problem level can be seen throughout Old Sacramento Preposition the boardwalks and in place-plural.

The center of the acronym district gradually moved east and the original part of the city on Sutter's Embarcadero became known as the Adjective Ends in EST skid row west of Chicago. Vocation - Plural, ministers, politicians and others spoke out against boring daily task in this part of the city, but little was done to change the Adjective conditions.

In the mid-1960s, a plan was set forth to Verb Base Form the area and through it, the first funny adjective district in the West was created. Today, with number historic buildings, Old Sacramento has more Noun Plural of historic value condensed into its number acres than most areas of similar size in the location. Registered as a National and California Historic fun event, the properties in the district are Adverb owned by private animal-plural, with individual businesses leasing shops and place-plural. The area has flourished and is once again a thriving Verb Present ends in ING trade center.

